$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{x}}$ and \mathbf{n}	Patient name:
KX ADULT	Date:
The symptoms you presented with to	oday suggest a viral infection:
Upper respiratory tract infection (com	mon cold): Cough can last 3-4 weeks
☐ Acute bronchitis: Cough can last 3-4 v	veeks
☐ Viral pharyngitis (sore throat)	
☐ Acute sinusitis (sinus infection)	
☐ Suspected/confirmed COVID-19	
☐ Other viral respiratory infection	
Antibiotics have not been antibiotics do not tree antibiotics do not tree use can contribute when needed to treat bacterial infections, contribute and in rare events allergic reactions.	eat viral infections. to antibiotics not working in the future an cause side effects (e.g., diarrhea, rash),
When you have a viral infection, it is very	
give your body time to fight off the virus	
 If you follow these instructions, you → Rest as much as possible → Drink plenty of fluids → Wash your hands frequently and spreading the infection 	try to stay home to avoid
Take over-the-counter medication	
Acetaminophen (e.g., Tylenol) for feve	
☐ Ibuprofen (e.g., Advil, Motrin) for feve☐ Naproxen (e.g., Aleve) for fever and a	
Lozenge (cough candy) for sore throa	
☐ Nasal saline (e.g., Salinex) for nasal co☐ Other:	
(E.g., Nasal decongestant if Salines Please return to your provider if:	does not work, for <u>short-term</u> use only!)
Symptoms do not improve in	
You develop persistent fever (about the fever)	
> Other:	
Prescriber:	





